CITY OF SKYLINE SKYLINE, MINNESOTA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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CITY OF SKYLINE, MINNESOTA ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires
Paige Attarian	Mayor	December 31, 2024
Steve Romnes	Council Member	December 31, 2026
Michelle Kotila	Council Member	December 31, 2026
Eric Manske	Council Member	December 31, 2024
Shirley Piepho	Council Member	December 31, 2024
	<u>APPOINTED</u>	
Name	Title	
Marnie Kortuem	Clerk	
Lon Whitehead	Treasurer	



Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Skyline, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Skyline, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents under supplemental section, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Prior Year Comparative Information

Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd.

We have previously audited the City's 2023 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund in our report dated August 9, 2024. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd.

Mankato, Minnesota

August 5, 2025

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2024

ASSETS	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		 Total		
1100210					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	87,079	\$	747,718	\$ 834,797
Receivables:					
Accounts		689		3,760	4,449
Property Taxes		2,743		0	2,743
Leases		0		133,184	133,184
Prepaid Expenses		1,249		977	2,226
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		10,021		15,000	25,021
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		215,810	_	3,391,047	 3,606,857
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	317,591	\$	4,291,686	\$ 4,609,277
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION					
Liabilities:					
Accrued Expenses	\$	3,119	\$	113,203	\$ 116,322
Due to Other Governments		39,827		0	39,827
Current Portion of Long-term Debt		0		92,000	92,000
Long-term Debt, Less Current Portion		0		1,953,000	 1,953,000
Total Liabilities		42,946	_	2,158,203	2,201,149
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Lease Deferments		0		118,295	 118,295
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		225,831		1,361,046	1,586,877
Unrestricted		48,814		654,142	702,956
Total Net Position		274,645		2,015,188	2,289,833
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	317,591	\$	4,291,686	\$ 4,609,277

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

				Program	Revenue	s		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position				d	
		'		Ope	rating	Са	pital		P	rimar	y Governme	nt	
		Ch	narges for		ts and	Grai	nts and	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Contri	butions	Contr	ibutions		Activities	A	Activities		Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:													
General Government	\$ 43,417	\$	1,010	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(42,407)	\$	0	\$	(42,407)
Public Safety	42,072		0		0		0		(42,072)		0		(42,072)
Public Works	1,213		0		0		0		(1,213)		0		(1,213)
Parks and Recreation	10,184		0		0		0		(10,184)		0		(10,184)
Total Governmental Activities	96,886	<u> </u>	1,010		0		0		(95,876)		0		(95,876)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:													
Water	162,419		110,496		0	1	136,000		0		84,077		84,077
Sewer	60,211		30,974		0		0		0		(29,237)		(29,237)
Refuse	34,461		26,598		0		0		0		(7,863)		(7,863)
Total Business-type Activities	257,091		168,068		0		0		0		46,977		46,977
Total Primary Government	\$ 353,977	\$	169,078	\$	0	\$	0		(95,876)		46,977		(48,899)
	General Rever	nues:											
	Taxes: Property T	axes. Le	evied for Ge	neral Pur	poses				63,744		0		63,744
	Franchise 1				L				1,986		0		1,986
	Intergovernn								34,209		0		34,209
	Interest and l		ents Earning	28					0		14,247		14,247
	Other Reven			2					1,153		82,556		83,709
	Total Gene	ral Rev	enues						101,092		96,803		197,895
	Changes in Ne	t Positic	on						5,216		143,780		148,996
	Net Position -	January	1						269,429		1,871,408		2,140,837
	Net Position -	Decemb	per 31					\$	274,645	\$	2,015,188	\$	2,289,833

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

ASSETS		General
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	87,079 689 2,743 1,249
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	91,760
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities: Accrued Expenses Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	\$	3,119 39,827 42,946
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Taxes		1,184
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Unassigned Total Fund Balance	_	1,249 46,381 47,630
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	91,760

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 47,630
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	
Cost of Capital assets	406,577
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(180,746)
Certain receivables will be collected next year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Delinquent property taxes	 1,184
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 274,645

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General
Revenues:	
Property Taxes	\$ 63,681
Franchise Fees	1,986
Intergovernmental	34,209
Charges for Services	1,010
Other Revenues	1,152
Total Revenues	102,038
Expenditures:	
General Government	34,174
Public Safety	42,072
Public Works	1,213
Parks and Recreation	8,507
Total Expenditures	85,966
Change in Fund Balance	16,072
Fund Balance - January 1	31,558
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 47,630

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 16,072
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Depreciation expense	(10,920)
Delinquent receivables will be collected next year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current periods's expenditures and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the Governmental funds.	
Delinquent property taxes	 63
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,216

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amount		Over (Under) Budget
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$	63,638	\$	63,681	\$ 43
Franchise Fees		2,700		1,986	(714)
Intergovernmental		8,100		34,209	26,109
Charges for Services		1,300		1,010	(290)
Other Revenues		200		1,152	952
Interest Earnings		12,000		0	(12,000)
Total Revenues		87,938		102,038	 14,100
Expenditures:					
General Government		68,869		34,174	(34,695)
Public Safety		37,190		42,072	4,882
Public Works		11,800		1,213	(10,587)
Parks and Recreation		7,750		8,507	757
Total Expenditures		125,609		85,966	(39,643)
Change in Fund Balance	\$	(37,671)		16,072	\$ 53,743
Fund Balance - January 1				31,558	
Fund Balance - December 31			\$	47,630	

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund	Totals		
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 629,311	\$ 118,407	\$ 0	\$ 747,718		
Accounts Receivable	2,437	688	635	3,760		
Prepaid Expenses	977	0	0	977		
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	87,567	0	0	87,567		
Due From Other Funds	4,582	0	0	4,582		
Total Current Assets	724,874	119,095	635	844,604		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Lease Receivable, Net of Current Portion	45,617	0	0	45,617		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	15,000	0	0	15,000		
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	2,332,734	1,058,313	0	3,391,047		
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,393,351	1,058,313	0	3,451,664		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,118,225	\$ 1,177,408	\$ 635	\$ 4,296,268		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 499	\$ 0	\$ 3,213	\$ 3,712		
Contracts Payable	84,030	0	0	84,030		
Due to Other Funds	0	0	4,582	4,582		
Interest Payable	25,461	0	0	25,461		
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	92,000	0	0	92,000		
Total Current Liabilities	201,990	0	7,795	209,785		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Long-term Debt, Net of Current Portion	1,953,000	0	0	1,953,000		
Total Liabilities	2,154,990	0	7,795	2,162,785		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Lease Deferments	118,295	0	0	118,295		
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	302,734	1,058,312	0	1,361,046		
Unrestricted	542,206	119,096	(7,160)	654,142		
Total Net Position	844,940	1,177,408	(7,160)	2,015,188		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 3,118,225	\$ 1,177,408	\$ 635	\$ 4,296,268		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Refuse			
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals		
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 110,496	\$ 30,974	\$ 26,598	\$ 168,068		
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services	6,803	0	0	6,803		
Supplies	1,630	0	0	1,630		
Other Services and Charges	13,339	38,626	34,461	86,426		
Utilities	8,371	0	0	8,371		
Repair and Maintenance	17,062	0	0	17,062		
Other Expenses	496	0	0	496		
Depreciation	53,619	21,585	0	75,204		
Total Operating Expenses	101,320	60,211	34,461	195,992		
Income (Loss) From Operations	9,176	(29,237)	(7,863)	(27,924)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Other Revenues	218,556	0	0	218,556		
Interest Earnings	12,143	2,104	0	14,247		
Interest Expense and Fees	(61,099)	0	0	(61,099)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	169,600	2,104	0	171,704		
Change in Net Position	178,776	(27,133)	(7,863)	143,780		
Net Position - January 1	666,164	1,204,541	703	1,871,408		
Net Position - December 31	\$ 844,940	\$ 1,177,408	\$ (7,160)	\$ 2,015,188		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

Business-type Activities -	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Refuse				
Fund Fund	Fund	Totals			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts From Customers and Users \$ 116,623 \$ 33,189 \$	28,142	\$ 177,954			
Payments to Suppliers (41,728) (38,626)	(34,246)	(114,600)			
Payments to Employees (6,803) 0	0	(6,803)			
Other Receipts 86,385 0	0	86,385			
Net Cash from Operating Activities 154,477 (5,437)	(6,104)	142,936			
	(2) 2)				
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Change in Interfund Balances (4,582) 0	4,582	0			
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities (4,582)	4,582	0			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of Capital Assets (571,134) 0	0	(571,134)			
Principal Paid on Bonds (30,000) 0	0	(30,000)			
Interest Paid on Bonds (62,567) 0	0	(62,567)			
Escrow Proceeds 136,000 0	0	136,000			
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities (527,701) 0	0	(527,701)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest Earnings	0	14,247			
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents (365,663) (3,333)	(1,522)	(370,518)			
	(, ,				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1 994,974 121,740	1,522	1,118,236			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31 \$ 629,311 \$ 118,407 \$	0	\$ 747,718			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss) \$ 9,176 \$ (29,237) \$	(7,863)	\$ (27,924)			
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net		` , ,			
Cash from Operating Activities:					
Other Receipts 86,385 0	0	86,385			
Depreciation Expense 53,619 21,585	0	75,204			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable 6,127 2,215	1,544	9,886			
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Insurance (370)	0	(370)			
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable (460) 0	215	(245)			
Net Cash from Operating Activities \$\frac{154,477}{\\$} \frac{(5,437)}{\\$}	(6,104)	\$ 142,936			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of Skyline, Minnesota (the City), operates under the "Optional Plan A" form of government as defined in Minnesota statutes. Under this plan, the government of the City is directed by a City Council composed of an elected Mayor and four elected City Council Members. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City.

The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is financially accountable.

Component units for which the City has been determined to be financially accountable can be blended with the primary government or be included as a discrete presentation. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City. Based on the foregoing criteria as of December 31, the City had no blended or discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated revenues are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregate information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on an accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue. On the modified accrual basis, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's water utility system and ensures that user charges are sufficient to meet those costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

The Sewer fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's sewer utility system and ensures that user charges are sufficient to meet those costs.

The Refuse fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's refuse collection and ensures that user charges are sufficient to meet those costs.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated based on applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 6. Commercial paper issued by United States banks, corporations, or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

- 7. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 8. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Property taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, June, and December each year.

Taxes payable on homestead property, as defined by Minnesota statutes, were partially reduced by a market value credit aid. The credit is paid to the City by the State in lieu of taxes levied against the homestead property. The State remits this credit in two equal installments in October and December each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable includes the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2024. The City annually certifies delinquent water and sewer accounts to the County for collection in the following year. Therefore, there has been no allowance for doubtful accounts established.

Special assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year end. All governmental special assessment receivables are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than the thresholds below (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For financial statement purposes only, a capitalization threshold is established for each capital asset category as follows:

Assets	Capitalization Threshold
Land improvements	\$ 10,000
Buildings and improvements	25,000
Infrastructure	100,000
Machinery and equipment	5,000

As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

TI--C-1 T :----

Assets	in Years
Buildings and improvements	15 to 75
Infrastructure	20 to 60
Machinery and equipment	3 to 15

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of resources that is applicable to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are those for which resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. The City has reported unearned revenues from various cell phone companies for the construction of equipment on the City's property.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are delayed and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Leases

Lease receivables

The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the City's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

The City has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease liabilities

The City determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease assets and lease liabilities in the statements of net position.

Lease assets represent the City's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Lease assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the City's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Entity will exercise that option.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

The City has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statements of net position.

Significant lease terms are disclosed in note 3.

Net position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Clerk.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 20-25 percent of budgeted operating expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

On or before July 1 of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Clerk so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 30, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings, and a final budget is prepared and adopted in December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads, with the approval of the City Clerk, may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council. There were no budget amendments during the year.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2024, no fund had expenditures over appropriations.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following had fund equity deficits at year-end:

Fund	Am	ount
Proprietary		
Major		
Refuse	\$	7,160

The fund deficits are planned to be eliminated with future interfund transfers.

Note 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned, or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> – (Continued)

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral
 against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the government entity.

On December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of deposits was \$834,798 and the bank balance was \$840,545. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance was covered by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

Investments

On December 31, 2024, the City had no investments.

A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as shown on the statement of net position for the City follows:

	Gov	Proprietary Funds		
Demand deposits	\$	22,582	\$	37,640
Time deposits		64,497		710,078
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	87,079	\$	747,718

B. Lease Receivables

The City, acting as lessor, leases certain real property under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases contain discount rates of 4.00% and expire in September 2025, March 2026, and January 2027 and provide for renewal options of five years in each agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized \$93,460 and \$7,099 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> – (Continued)

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	E	Business-type Activities				
December 31	P	rincipal	In	terest		
2025	\$	87,567	\$	3,292		
2026		42,876		831		
2027		2,741		9		
Total	\$	133,184	\$	4,132		

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginnin	g		Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 10,0)21	\$ -	\$ 10,021
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	313,4	-	-	313,463
Machinery and equipment	83,0)93	-	83,093
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	396,5	556	<u> </u>	396,556
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and Improvements	(97,0)44) (8,087)	-	(105,131)
Machinery and equipment	(72,7			(75,615)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(169,8	(10,920)	<u> </u>	(180,746)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	226,7	730 (10,920)	<u> </u>	215,810
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 236,7	751 \$ (10,920)	\$ -	\$ 225,831

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> – (Continued)

	Beginning						Ending		
		Balance	Increases			Decreases			Balance
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated	•	4 7 000	Φ.		Φ.			•	4.5.000
Land	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	(10)	-	\$	15,000
Construction in Progress		129,725					9,725)		15.000
Total capital assets not		144,725				(129	9,725)		15,000
being depreciated									
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements		234,111		_			_		234,111
Distribution system		3,221,439		771,516			_		3,992,955
Machinery and equipment		14,480		-			_		14,480
machinery and equipment		11,100						_	11,100
Total capital assets									
being depreciated		3,470,030		771,516			_		4,241,546
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings and improvements		=		(9,364)			-		(9,364)
Distribution system		(768,829)		(65,260)		=			(834,089)
Machinery and equipment		(6,466)		(580)					(7,046)
Total accumulated									
depreciation		(775,295)		(75,204)			_		(850,499)
depreciation		(113,293)		(73,204)					(630,433)
Total capital assets									
being depreciated, net		2,694,735		696,312			-		3,391,047
Business-type activities									
capital assets, net	\$	2,839,460	\$	696,312	\$	(129	9,725)	\$	3,406,047
Depreciation expense was charged to functions	/prog	grams of the	City a	s follows:					
Governmental activities:									
General government						\$	9,24	43	
Parks and recreation							1,6		
Total depreciation expense - governmen	ntal a	ectivities				\$	10,92	20	
Business-type activities:									
Water						\$	53,61	19	
Sewer							21,58		
Tracil decorated:						¢.	75.00	14	
Total depreciation expense - business-t	ype	activities				\$	75,20	<i>J</i> 4	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> – (Continued)

D. Long-term debt

General Obligation Revenue Bonds/Notes

The City issued general obligation revenue bonds/notes where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service requirements. A portion of the revenue bonds/notes is paid by special assessments levied on benefiting property owners. The City is obligated to levy ad valorem taxes in the event that anticipated income from the acquired or constructed assets will not be sufficient to cover debt service requirements. revenue bonds/notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Revenue	una issuea	Tutte	Dute	Bute	
Bonds of 2022A	1,655,000	2.00 - 2.95%	4/1/22	2/1/42	1,595,000
G.O. Revenue					
Note of 2023A	450,000	4.35%	9/21/23	2/1/42	450,000
Total general obligation rev	venue bonds/notes				\$ 2,045,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds/notes are as follows:

Year Ending		Business-type Activities					
December 31	I	Principal	Interest				Total
2025	\$	92,000	\$	59,988	-	\$	151,988
2026		93,000		57,727			150,727
2027		94,000		55,422			149,422
2028		99,000		52,945			151,945
2029		100,000		50,297			150,297
2030-2034		540,000		206,331			746,331
2035-2039		616,000		118,107			734,107
2040-2042		411,000		20,586			431,586
Total	\$	2,045,000	\$	621,403	_:	\$	2,666,403

Changes in long-term liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities.

	E	Beginning					Ending	Due	Within
	Balance Increases Decreases		IncreasesDecreases		Balance		One Year		
Business-type activities:									
GO revenue notes/bonds	\$	2,075,000	\$	-	\$ (30,000)	\$	2,045,000	\$	92,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> – (Continued)

Outstanding non-exchange financial guaranteed obligations

On April 1, 2022, the City issued \$1,655,000 general obligation water revenue bonds. The bonds mature annually through February 1, 2042, with semiannual interest payments. The State of Minnesota through their Public Facilities Authority (PFA) has guaranteed to make all required payments that the City is unable to make. The City is required to repay the PFA with interest for any payments the PFA makes pursuant to the guarantee. As of December 31, 2024, the City has made all required debt service payments on the guaranteed debt. On December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed debt was \$1,595,000.

On September 21, 2023, the City issued \$450,000 general obligation water revenue note. The note is paid annually through February 1, 2042, with semiannual interest payments. The State of Minnesota through their Public Facilities Authority (PFA) has guaranteed to make all required payments that the City is unable to make. The City is required to repay the PFA with interest for any payments the PFA makes pursuant to the guarantee. As of December 31, 2024, the City has made all required debt service payments on the guaranteed debt. On December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed debt was \$450,000.

E. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Interfund transfers

There were no interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Internal Balances

Receivable fund	Payable fund		A	mount
Water	Refuse		\$	4,582

The Water fund provided a temporary loan to the Refuse fund to eliminate deficit cash in the Refuse fund.

The internal balance payable is a short-term borrowing and is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u> – (Continued)

F. Net Position/Fund Balance

Governmental Activities Net Position

Governmental activities net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position on December 31, 2024, includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Land	\$ 10,021
Buildings and improvements	313,463
Machinery and equipment	83,094
Less: accumulated depreciation	(180,746)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	225,831
Unrestricted	 48,814
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 274,645

Business-type Activities Net Position

Business-type activities net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position on December 31, 2024, includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Land	\$ 15,000
Building and improvements	234,111
Distribution system	3,992,955
Machinery and equipment	14,480
Less: accumulated depreciation	(850,499)
Less: related debt	 (2,045,000)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,361,046
Unrestricted	 654,142
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 2,015,188

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Note 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Legal debt margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues, or tax increments. The City's has no debt outstanding subjected to this limit.

C. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota from the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2024 was \$22,916. This accounted for 22 percent of General fund revenues.

D. Construction commitments

As of December 31, 2024, the City had two signed contracts in place for construction projects. The following summarizes these commitments:

	Spent		Remaining	
Project	 to Date	Commitment		
Water treatment improvements	\$ 640,752	\$	22,673	
Water system improvements	 23,416		23,750	
Total commitments	\$ 664,168	\$	46,423	



BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Amounts for December 31, 2023)

	2024		2023	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	87,079	\$	32,226
Accounts Receivable		689		651
Property Taxes Receivable		2,743		1,363
Prepaid Expenses		1,249		805
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	91,760	\$	35,045
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accrued Expenses	\$	3,119	\$	2,367
Due to Other Governments		39,827		0
Total Liabilities		42,946		2,367
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Taxes		1,184		1,120
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable		1,249		805
Unassigned		46,381		30,753
Total Fund Balance		47,630		31,558
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	91,760	\$	35,045

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2023)

Revenues:	2024 Budget	2024 Actual	Over (Under) Budget	2023 Actual
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 63,638	\$ 63,681	\$ 43	\$ 56,129
Franchise Fees	2,700	1,986	(714)	3,361
Total Taxes	66,338	65,667	(671)	59,490
Intergovernmental:				
Local Governmental Aid	8,100	22,916	14,816	16,282
Small City Assistance	0	11,293	11,293	0
Public Safety Aid	0	0	0	12,515
Total Intergovernmental	8,100	34,209	26,109	28,797
Charges for Services:				
City Hall Rent	1,300	1,010	(290)	1,370
Total Charges for Services	1,300	1,010	(290)	1,370
Other Revenues:				
Permits and Fees	0	312	312	200
Miscellaneous Revenues	200	440	240	0
Donations	0	400	400	0
Total Other Revenues	200	1,152	952	200
Interest Earnings	12,000	0	(12,000)	0
Total Revenues	87,938	102,038	14,100	89,857
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Wages	20,762	10,499	(10,263)	9,890
Payroll Taxes	757	803	46	757
Insurance	450	318	(132)	308
Clerk and Treasurer's Bond	0	225	225	225
Office Supplies	1,000	990	(10)	448
Supplies	0	1,162	1,162	2,077
Repair and Maintenance	5,300	5,595	295	5,190
Professional Fees	11,115	1,162	(9,953)	2,183
Telephone	1,200	1,090	(110)	1,185
Liability Insurance	4,700	7,204	2,504	2,394
Utilities	15,000	2,792	(12,208)	5,328
Miscellaneous Expenditures	6,185	2,112	(4,073)	1,668
Bank Service Charges	2,400	50	(2,350)	52
Dues	0	172	172	973
Total General Government	68,869	34,174	(34,695)	32,678

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2023)

Expenditures: (Continued)	2024 Budget	2024 Actual	Over (Under) Budget	2023 Actual
Public Safety: Fire Protection Services	\$ 37,190	\$ 39,827	\$ 2,637	\$ 31,823
Capital Outlay	0	2,245	2,245	690
Total Public Safety	37,190	42,072	4,882	32,513
Streets:				
Street Repairs	6,000	0	(6,000)	165,040
Snow Removal	5,800	1,213	(4,587)	3,810
Total Streets	11,800	1,213	(10,587)	168,850
Parks and Recreation:				
Supplies	2,150	825	(1,325)	1,464
Repairs and Maintenance	400	1,647	1,247	1,789
Lawn Mowing	5,200	5,335	135	4,850
Weed Spraying	0	700	700	0
Total Parks and Recreation	7,750	8,507	757	8,103
Total Expenditures	125,609	85,966	(39,643)	242,144
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(37,671)	16,072	53,743	(152,287)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In (Out)	0	0	0	100,376
Change in Fund Balance	\$ (37,671)	16,072	\$ 53,743	(51,911)
Fund Balance - January 1		31,558		83,469
Fund Balance - December 31		\$ 47,630		\$ 31,558

SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION WATER FUND

December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Amounts for December 31, 2023)

ACCEPTE	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 629,311	\$ 994,974
Accounts Receivable	2,437	8,565
Prepaid Expenses	977	607
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	87,567	0
Due From Other Funds	4,582	0
Total Current Assets	724,874	1,004,146
Noncurrent Assets:		
Lease Receivable, Net of Current Portion	45,617	228,147
Land	15,000	15,000
Distribution Systems	2,756,680	1,985,165
Construction in Progress	0	129,725
Accumulated Depreciation	(423,946)	(370,327)
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,393,351	1,987,710
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,118,225	\$ 2,991,856
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 499	\$ 962
Contracts Payable	84,030	16,855
Interest Payable	25,461	23,446
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	92,000	30,000
Total Current Liabilities	201,990	71,263
Long-term Liabilities:		
Long-term Debt, Net of Current Portion	1,953,000_	2,045,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Lease Deferments	118,295	209,429
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	302,734	322,636
Unrestricted	542,206	343,528
Total Net Position	844,940	666,164
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 3,118,225	\$ 2,991,856

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2023)

	2024	2023
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 110,496	\$ 110,089
Operating Expenses:		
Personal Service	6,803	6,748
Supplies	1,630	2,195
Other Services and Charges	13,339	3,737
Utilities	8,371	9,495
Repair and Maintenance	17,062	31,502
Other Expenses	496	511
Depreciation	53,619	15,676
Total Operating Expenses	101,320	69,864
Income (Loss) from Operations	9,176	40,225
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Other Revenues	218,556	225,276
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	0	(5,361)
Interest Earnings	12,143	14,322
Interest Expense and Fees	(61,099)	(64,872)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	169,600	169,365
Income Before Transfers	178,776	209,590
Transfers In/(Out)	0	(102,376)
Change in Net Position	178,776	107,214
Net Position - January 1	666,164	558,950
Net Position - December 31	\$ 844,940	\$ 666,164

SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION SEWER FUND

December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Amounts for December 31, 2023)

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 118,407	\$ 121,739
Accounts Receivable	688	2,905
Total Current Assets	119,095	124,644
Noncurrent Assets:		
Distribution Systems	1,484,865	1,484,865
Accumulated Depreciation	(426,552)	(404,968)
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,058,313	1,079,897
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,177,408	\$ 1,204,541
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,058,312	1,079,897
Unrestricted	119,096	124,644
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,177,408	\$ 1,204,541

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION SEWER FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2023)

	2024	2023
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 30,974	\$ 33,207
Operating Expenses:		
Other Services and Charges	38,626	35,802
Depreciation	21,585	21,585
Total Operating Expenses	60,211	57,387
Income (Loss) from Operations	(29,237)	(24,180)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Other Revenues	0	1,387
Interest Earnings	2,104	1,591
Interest Expense and Fees	0	(59)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	2,104	2,919
Change in Net Position	(27,133)	(21,261)
Net Position - January 1	1,204,541	1,225,802
Net Position - December 31	\$ 1,177,408	\$ 1,204,541

SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION REFUSE FUND

December 31, 2024

(With Comparative Amounts for December 31, 2023)

	 2024	 2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Account Receivable	\$ 0 635	\$ 1,522 2,177
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 635	\$ 3,699
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,213	\$ 2,996
Due to Other Funds	 4,582	 0
Total Liabilities	 7,795	 2,996
Net Position:		
Unrestricted	 (7,160)	 703
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 635	\$ 3,699

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION REFUSE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2023)

	 2024	 2023
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 26,598	\$ 27,136
Operating Expenses: Other Services and Charges	 34,461	 32,229
Income (Loss) from Operations	 (7,863)	 (5,093)
Income Before Transfers	(7,863)	(5,093)
Transfers In	0	2,000
Change in Net Position	(7,863)	(3,093)
Net Position - January 1	 703	 3,796
Net Position - December 31	\$ (7,160)	\$ 703





Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd.

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MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Skyline, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Skyline, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 5, 2025.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions of tax increment financing since the City has no tax increment districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, except as described in the schedule of findings and responses as items 2024-004. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above-mentioned provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance and management of the City and the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd. Mankato, Minnesota

Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd.

August 5, 2025



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Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Skyline, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Skyline, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness as item 2024-001.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we consider the following deficiencies in internal control to be significant deficiencies as items 2024-002 and 2024-003.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management, of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Burkhardt & Burkhardt, Ltd. Mankato, Minnesota

Barbhordt & Burkhardt, Ltd.

August 5, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL December 31, 2024

CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Material Weaknesses

Finding 2024-001. Material Audit Adjustments

Condition: The audit firm proposed, and the City approved corrections of certain misstatements.

Criteria The City should have controls in place to prevent and detect a material misstatement in the financial

statements in a timely manner. Management is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Their responsibility includes adjusting the financial

statements to correct material misstatements.

Cause: The City has not established controls to ensure that all accounts are adjusted to their appropriate year-

end balances in accordance with GAAP.

Effect: The design of internal control over completeness and accuracy of financial records could adversely

affect the City's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned

functions.

Recommendation: The City should continue to evaluate its internal controls processes to determine if additional internal

control procedures should be implemented to ensure that accounts are adjusted to their appropriate

year end balances in accordance with GAAP.

Corrective Action Plan (CAP)

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

None

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The City will continue to review and approve adjusting journal entries as proposed by the auditor, as well as taking responsibility for the audited financial statements.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Lon Whitehead, City Treasurer

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

December 31, 2025

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL December 31, 2024

Significant Deficiencies

Finding 2024-002. Auditor Prepared Financial Statements and Related Footnotes

Condition: The City does have an internal control in place for the review of the drafted financial statements,

however, the City does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the related notes being audited. Based on the degree of complexity and level of detail needed to prepare the financial statement disclosures in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the City has requested the auditors prepare them.

Criteria The preparation of the financial statements and the related notes are the responsibility of management.

Cause: The City has informed us they do not have the expertise to prepare the annual financial statement

disclosures, although the City has reviewed and approved the annual financial statements as prepared

by the audit firm.

Effect: This could result in a material omission of a disclosure that would not be prevented or detected and

corrected as a result of the City's current internal control.

Recommendation: The City should continue to request assistance to draft the financial statements and related notes and

thoroughly review these financial statements after they have been prepared so the City can take

responsibility for them.

Corrective Action Plan (CAP)

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

None

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The City is aware of the lack of expertise to ensure all disclosures required by GAAP are included in the financial statements, however, the City will review the notes for accuracy and compare balances in the financial report to the general ledger and other City reports prior to issuance of the financial statements.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Lon Whitehead, City Treasurer

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

December 31, 2025

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL December 31, 2024

Finding 2024-003. Limited Segregation of Duties

Condition: There is an absence of appropriate segregation of duties consistent with appropriate control objectives

due to a limited number of employees.

Criteria There are four general categories of duties: authorization, custody, record keeping, and reconciliation.

No one person should have control over more than two of these four responsibilities.

Cause: The City has assigned duties to staff based on a cost-benefit relationship to the City and the practicality

of the level of staffing the City maintains.

Effect: The lack of adequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to initiate, record,

process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial

statements.

Recommendation: The City should continue to monitor and evaluate the job responsibilities assigned to staff to determine

whether there is an unacceptable risk.

Corrective Action Plan (CAP)

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

None

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The City is aware of the limited segregation of duties and will continue to review internal controls and make changes when they can be made.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Lon Whitehead, City Treasurer

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

December 31, 2025

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES ON LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL December 31, 2024

CURRENT YEAR MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE FINDINGS

Finding 2024-004. Missing Endorsement on Paid Claims

Minnesota Statutes § 471.391 sub. 2 requires local governments to have the following declaration on their checks, "The undersigned payee, in endorsing this check declares that the same is received in payment of a just and correct claim against the city, and that no part of it has heretofore been paid."

In 2024, it was noted that the City did not have the required declaration on the back of their checks.

Corrective Action Plan (CAP)

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

None

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The City will get a stamp to mark each check with the required declaration.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Lon Whitehead, City Treasurer

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

December 31, 2025

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS December 31, 2024

Finding Reference	Finding Title	Status	Year Finding Initially Occurred	If Not Corrected, Provide Planned Corrective Action or Other Explanation
Financial Stat	tement Findings:			
2023-001	Material Audit Adjustments	Not Corrected	2023	See Current Year Finding 2024-001
2023-002	Auditor Preparation of Financial Statements	Not Corrected	2009	See Current Year Finding 2024-002
2023-003	Limited Segregation of Duties	Not Corrected	2009	See Current Year Finding 2024-003

Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings:

None